

# AUSTRIAN MUST GIVE UP ALL TRADE SHIPS

PARIS, July 21.—The Austrians were in possession of the complete terms of their peace settlement today. The remainder of the document—the first section of which was handed to them June 2—was given to their representatives at St. Germain yesterday by Paul Dutaasta, secretary of the peace conference, with an utter lack of ceremony. They have fifteen days in which to file additional observations.

**Principal Terms.**  
The principal terms of the treaty are:  
Austria must accept responsibility for loss and damages to the allies through a war of aggression. She must surrender all of her merchant fleet and a fifth of her river fleet within three months.  
She must make reparation within thirty years for damages to allied civilians and their property.  
She must abolish conscription and reduce her army to 30,000.  
She must accept her share of the former dual monarchy's pre-war debt, which is divided among the nations which formerly constituted the empire.  
She must reduce all her armaments and surrender all surplus.  
She must renounce the Bucharest and Brest-Litovsk treaties.  
She must turn over all her cables to the allies.

**Three Bond Issues.**  
The definite amount of indemnities will be determined by a special commission of the allied reparations commission, upon which there will be American representation. Austria will be required to pay "a reasonable sum" within the period extending from the present to May 1, 1921. Before May 11 of that year the commission will appraise Austria of the full sum of her liabilities and the schedule of payment.  
In raising the money for reparations, Austria will make three bond issues. The first, which shall bear no interest, will be made from May 1, 1919. The second will bear 2 1/2 per cent interest between 1921 and 1926 and 5 per cent thereafter. The third will bear 3 per cent interest.

**To Restore Art Loot.**  
Austria will deliver within three months after ratification of the treaty a fixed number of domestic animals to Italy, Serbia, and Rumania. All art treasures will be restored to the city in invaded territories from which they were removed during the war.  
Expenses of the army of occupation must be paid from November 3, 1918, until it is withdrawn.

## POSSES SCOUR HILLS FOR MEN WHO ATTACKED GIRL

GREENSBURG, Pa., July 21.—A posse of armed citizens and State troopers searching the Laurel mountains for four men and a boy, alleged to have assaulted thirteen-year-old Emma Eboa, had made no arrests up to early today.  
According to the girl's disconnected story, she was attacked by the men while walking along a road near here.

**FINDS BILL IN BIRD'S NEST.**  
LIGONIER, Ind., July 21.—"They're good any place," so when a gleam of green in a robin's nest on the Citizens' Bank building caught his eye David Werbausk reached up and plucked therefrom a dollar bill. Bank clerks think the bird may be responsible for recent difficulty they had in making their accounts balance.

# Rube Goldberg's Boobs

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THEY ALL FLOP SOONER OR LATER

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By Goldberg



## NEGROES FIRE INTO GROUPS OF SAILORS

(Continued from First Page.)  
Several colored men were taken from street cars, while others walking on the sidewalks were knocked down by the mob.  
At Fourteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue an overseas soldier climbed through an open window of a street car, and grabbing a negro passenger by the coat collar, dragged him from the car. A woman passenger on the car became hysterical and was escorted from the scene by one of the soldiers.  
Continuing up the Avenue, the mob met three negroes in front of the Riggs National Bank. Two of them managed to escape, while the third was felled by a blow from a stone wrapped in a soldier's handkerchief.  
The negro, who gave his name as Lawrence Johnson to hospital officials, lay on the sidewalk for nearly twenty minutes before an ambulance arrived.

**Riot Calls Numerous.**  
Police headquarters received several riot calls between 10 o'clock and midnight, and reserves from the First and Sixth precincts were rushed hither and thither along Pennsylvania avenue to the scenes of the fights.  
Shortly after midnight, Police Headquarters reported the situation under control. It was not until nearly 2 o'clock this morning that another riot call was sent in from Seventh and L streets, followed with one a few minutes later from Tenth and L streets.  
Reserves from the First, Second and Sixth precincts were rushed to the scene, but found only a crowd of negroes standing on the corners. While it was reported that a white man had been attacked, they were unable to verify the report.

**Plan Riots Tonight.**  
The police learned that a gathering of service men is to meet at Seventh street and Pennsylvania avenue at 9 o'clock tonight to carry on the riots on a larger scale. It is understood that the police will concentrate their forces at that point.

## CONGRESS READY TO ACT FOR ENDING OF CRIME WAVE IN WASHINGTON

With Washington's crime wave under consideration in the Senate District Committee when it met today, members of the committee expressed the hope that all citizens of the District would join in the maintenance of order. It was regarded that continuation of race riots and the crimes leading to them would be a national disgrace.  
Congressman Reed, of the House District Committee, said that although the House committee was not in session today, it would join with the Senate committee in any action it saw fit to suppress disorders in Washington.

**Apology Would Help.**  
Because it is admitted in official quarters that the incident represents the most grave feature of Mexican-American relations in the last year, the State Department is hoping that the matter has already been adjusted by the American naval officers in Mexican waters. If the officers have demanded an apology, and one has been given by the Carranza authorities at Tampico, the matter would largely be settled.  
An additional provision, however, would be necessary. It would be the capture and punishment of the bandits who committed the insult and robbery.

**Next Step of the Department.**  
The next step of the department, therefore, will depend on the report of Commander Finney who is in charge of the U. S. S. Topeka. He is the ranking officer in Tampico waters. It was he who sent in the first report telling of the insult and robbery perpetrated on the crew of a small motor sailing launch of the U. S. S. Cheyenne.  
If no redress has been obtained from Mexican authorities the demand for an apology will be made.  
There is no attempt to minimize the gravity of the situation as it is presented by the two reports already in the hands of the President. He has before him the report sent by Commander Finney, which reached the State Department yesterday, and the report to the State Department, which was received through diplomatic channels and made public.  
Other developments in the Mexican situation today may be summarized:  
1. Senators deeply interested in the Mexican situation planned a conference to discuss what Congress can do to stop outrages against Americans.  
2. The House Rules Committee prepared to hear the testimony of Ambassador Fletcher, recently returned from Mexico City.  
3. Mexico informed the United States it would do all possible to punish authors of the "odious crime" in which John W. Correll was killed and his wife assaulted. No further word had been received from Mexico as to the robbery of American navy sailors on the Tameal river.

**To Decide On Probe.**  
After hearing Fletcher, the committee is expected to decide its course on the Gould resolution, providing for a special Senate and House investigation committee with broad powers.  
If this investigation is ordered, members of Congress said, it will be given evidence to show, among other things, the Carranza government won recognition from the United States through bribery and deception.  
One member of Congress declared President Wilson had been given evidence of Carranza's attempt to corrupt American officials in Mexico. This evidence, he said, was a check for \$25,000, signed by Carranza, and offered to an American special agent if he would make a favorable report on the Carranzista group.  
While the House committee is preparing for action on the Gould resolution, Senators plan a conference to discuss what Congress can do to protect Americans.

**Berger Briefs Go To House Body**  
Attorneys for Victor Berger, Milwaukee Socialist Congressman, today submitted briefs to the House Elections Committee in their effort to prevent the unseating of Berger, who was elected while under indictment.  
The Berger hearing was reopened after several weeks' recess.  
The general lines of Berger's defense are that he has not been finally convicted of any crime and therefore should not be denied the seat to which he says he was legally elected. His conviction is before the Supreme Court.  
Arguments that the third section of the fourteenth constitutional amendment pertained only to acts committed in the civil war were made before the committee by Henry Cochran, attorney for Berger.  
This amendment provides that any person who has taken the oath of allegiance to the United States and then violated it cannot hold a seat in Congress.  
Cochran submitted a brief containing some of the debate in Congress at the time of adoption of the amendment.  
Thrift is progress. Keep on climbing with W. S. S.

## GENERAL DICKMAN ORDERED TO BORDER

(Continued from First Page.)  
there and the value of their property, and the number of nationals of other countries killed by Mexicans since Diaz's time.  
Nothing short of an apology from the Carranza government of Mexico, together with evidence showing that the band of desperadoes who insulted the American flag and held up and robbed a number of American sailors have been summarily punished, will be acceptable to the United States.  
This was said to be the attitude of the State Department today, as officials awaited further information of the affront, which occurred July 6, near Tampico.  
This is territory where Carranza is supposed to be in complete control, and because of this alleged control neither American soldiers nor sailors are permitted to carry side arms. The defenseless condition of the American bluejackets made them easy prey for the bandits.

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## PRESIDENT RESTING IN HIS BED TODAY

(Continued from First Page.)  
have had today will be put over until Tuesday.  
Grayson said it might possibly be several days before the President is able to resume his conferences with Republican Senators.  
Grayson emphasized that care is required to effect a speedy recovery.  
President Wilson had planned to resume today his conferences with Republican Senators in line with his policy of conciliation to win support for unreserved ratification of the peace treaty and the league of nations covenant. Last week the conferees were more or less friendly to the President's plans, but those invited to discuss the subject today are regarded as out and out opponents of the two instruments in their present form.  
First to have seen the President today was Senator Walter E. Edge of New Jersey, who declared July 1 that he was unqualifiedly opposed to the covenant unless reservations to safeguard American sovereignty and absolute independence were adopted. He has been very plainspoken on that point, and it is expected that President Wilson will have to use convincing arguments to sway him from his purpose.

**For League in Principle.**  
"I am for a league of nations in principle, but there must be reservations to the covenant executed at Versailles," said Senator Edge.  
Senator George W. Norris, of Nebraska, second on this list, is likewise opposed to ratification without reservations or amendments. He made this positive declaration in a speech in the Senate July 15, and made it known today that he has not changed his mind.  
Senator William M. Calder of New York, was scheduled to confer with the President at 2:15 o'clock this afternoon.

**Senator A. B. Cummins of Iowa** has an appointment with the President at 4 o'clock. He made a vigorous speech in the Senate at the last session opposing the league of nations on the ground that in its present form it virtually means a surrender of the nation's sovereignty. It was said today that he is in favor of strong reservations.  
During the week the President will confer with the most pronounced opponents.

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## MORALS SQUAD SEIZES INDIANA STILL OUTFIT

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 21.—A full-fledged moonshine still and a quantity of freshly distilled "mountain dew" were confiscated by the police in a raid on the home of Edgar

Sherwood. Sherwood "wasn't in" when the morals squad called, but the officers carted away a tin condenser, a worm tube, a tub for mash, a large wooden paddle, and gas connections. Peculiar aroma arising from the home-made stager stuff led neighbors to sniff the air and then to call the police.

# G.O.P. CAUCUS THIS WEEK ON HOUSE LEADER

Republican Congressmen today determined to caucus Wednesday night. Dissatisfied Republicans will at that time make an effort to increase the steering committee by four members, as was originally proposed in the Republican reorganization of the House. Rumors are current that Congressman Mann will be asked to assume the House leadership, but this is denied by prominent Republicans.  
Obviously the caucus will be called to consider the Republican stand on several amendments to the Mondell soldiers' land bill, but it is admitted that the real issue will be the future leadership of the House.  
The situation was brought to a crisis by the failure of the House to pass the second agricultural appropriation bill with a daylight savings repeal rider, after it had refused to override the President's veto, because nine Republicans, under the leadership of Congressman Moore of Pennsylvania, a member of the steering committee, bolted the party leadership and voted with the Democrats against the rider.

**ONE PROFITABLE STREET.**  
TOPEKA, Kans., July 21.—Topeka boulevard here is a money maker for the city. Last month, according to the report of the police judge, fines amounting to \$655.30 were collected from "speeders" caught by traffic policemen. Most of the arrests were made on Topeka boulevard.

Business Hours: 8:30 a. m. to 6 p. m. Daily  
Store Closed Saturday During July and August

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The reduction means a saving of \$5 to \$10 on each suit, and the selection is exceptionally good.

There are models and sizes for men and young men, including the popular Double Breasted and Modish Waist-Line Coats.

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\$25.00 Grades, now	\$21.50
\$30 and \$35 Grades, now	\$26.75
\$40.00 Grades, now	\$34.50
\$45.00 Grades, now	\$38.75
\$50.00 Grades, now	\$44.50
\$55 and \$60 Grades, now	\$47.50

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